

N F P A

Fluid Power

VEHICLE

Challenge



NFPA
Education and
Technology
Foundation

Final Presentation
Purdue University Northwest Team
Rick Rickerson & Prof. Ali
4/2/18



Photo of Vehicle



2018-19 PNW Team



Students

- Jacob Deakin
 - Mohamed Nasr
 - Charles Badillo
 - Brian Long
 - Sean Slouber
 - Ali Alsultan
- MET
- ECET

Advisors

- Prof. Ali
- Prof. Higley
- Rick Rickerson





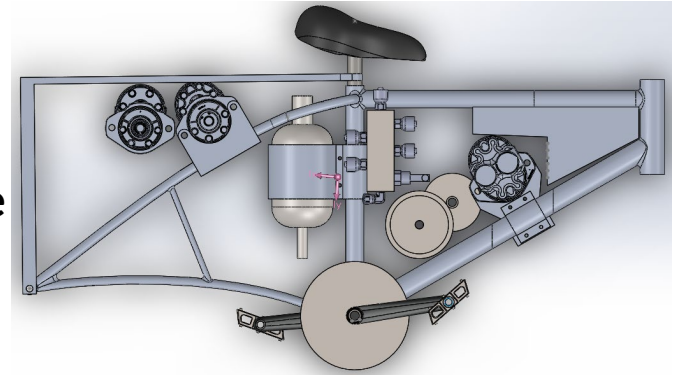
Problem Statement

- A working vehicle must be created that converts mechanical/human power to fluid power to move a bike for 3 different races while adhering to all the NFPA competition rules.

Midway Review



- Extended the back wheel 6" for accumulator
- Add a clamp to make the pump more adjustable
- Gear up the pedals to obtain a higher RPM
- Design a custom reservoir for the bike
- Design an adjustable clamp for the accumulator
- Motor/ Pump mounts made for adjustability
- Ensure design is balanced



Changes from Midway Review



- No charging from low pressure
- Using a belt and chain for main pump
- Welding regenerative pump bracket
- Using solenoids instead of ball valves
- Used more compact line bodies
- Modified brackets (motor, reservoir)

Changes from Midway Review

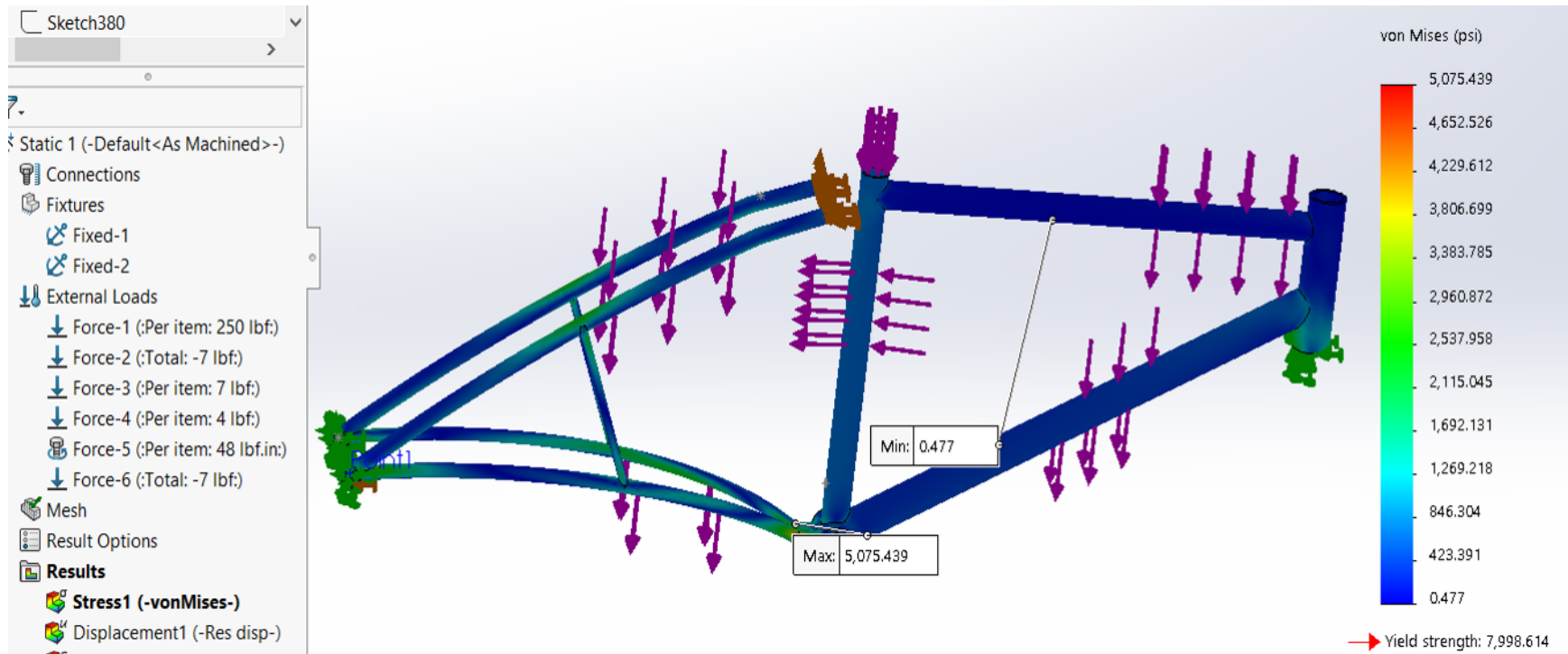


- Making back wheel adjustable for chain tension and alignment
- Switched to stainless steel hoses
- Changed gear ratio
- Installed two downpipes for returns
- Added a baffle to the reservoir

Midway review



- Original frame FEA stress
- 6 forces loaded to frame



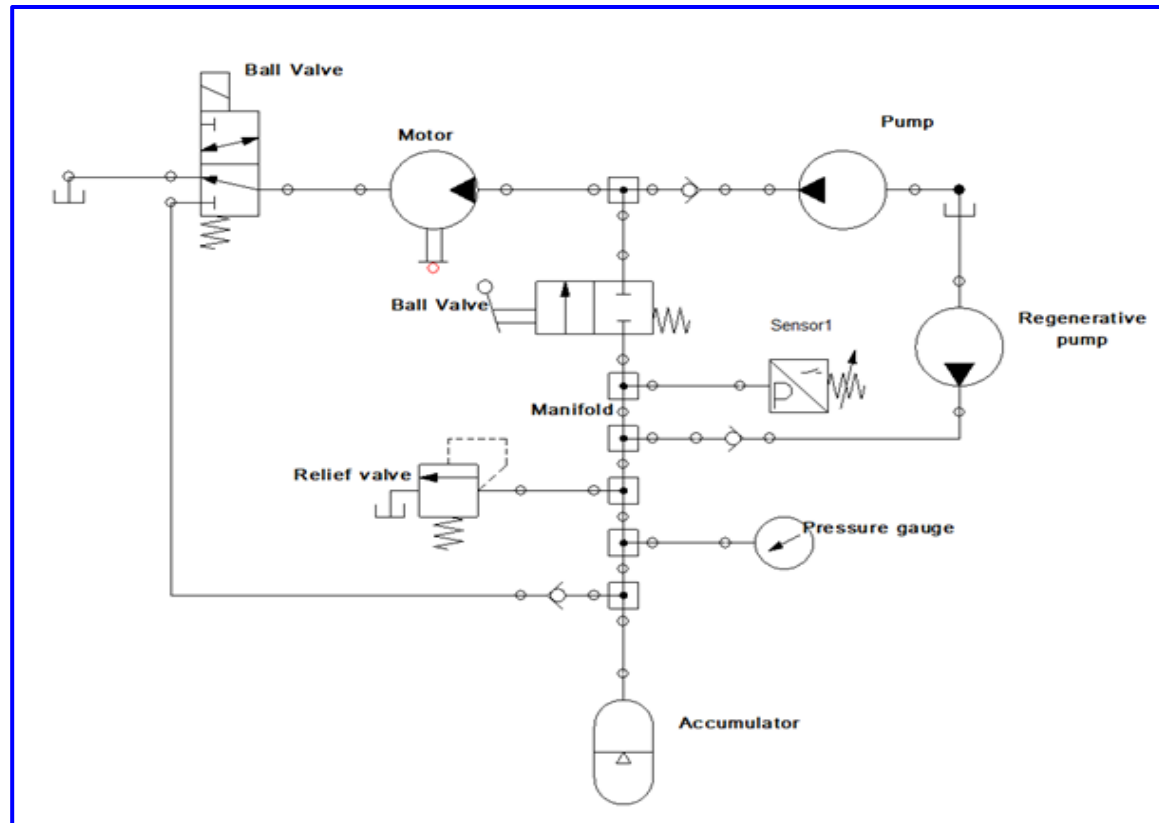
Changes Because of Testing



- Elimination of 3-way ball valve from circuit
- Regenerative braking gear ratio
- Added a chain tensioner (regen braking)
- Nitrogen precharge for accumulator

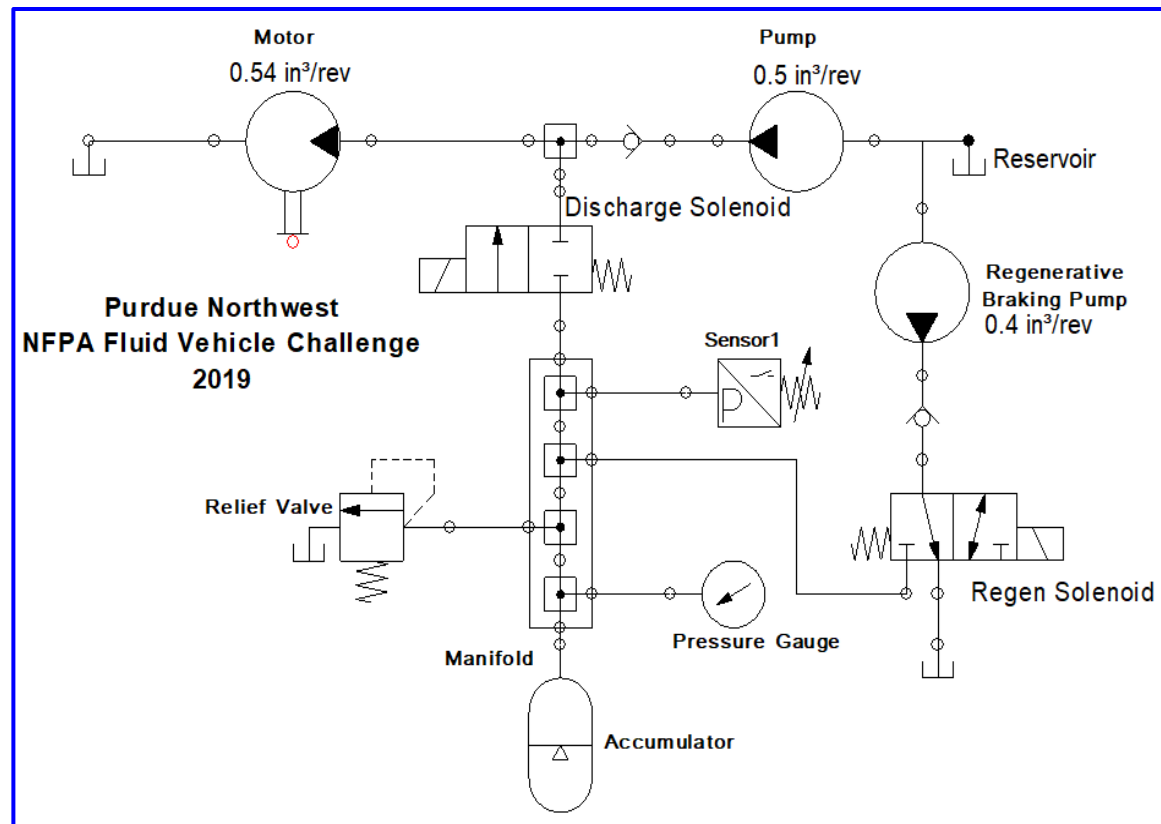
Midway Circuit Design

- .54 in³/ rev motor
- .5 in³/ rev main pump
- .4 in³/ rev regen pump
- 2 3-way ball valves
- 1 quart accumulator
- 1 pressure relief valve
- 1 manifold
- 3 check valves
- 1 pressure gauge



Final Circuit Design

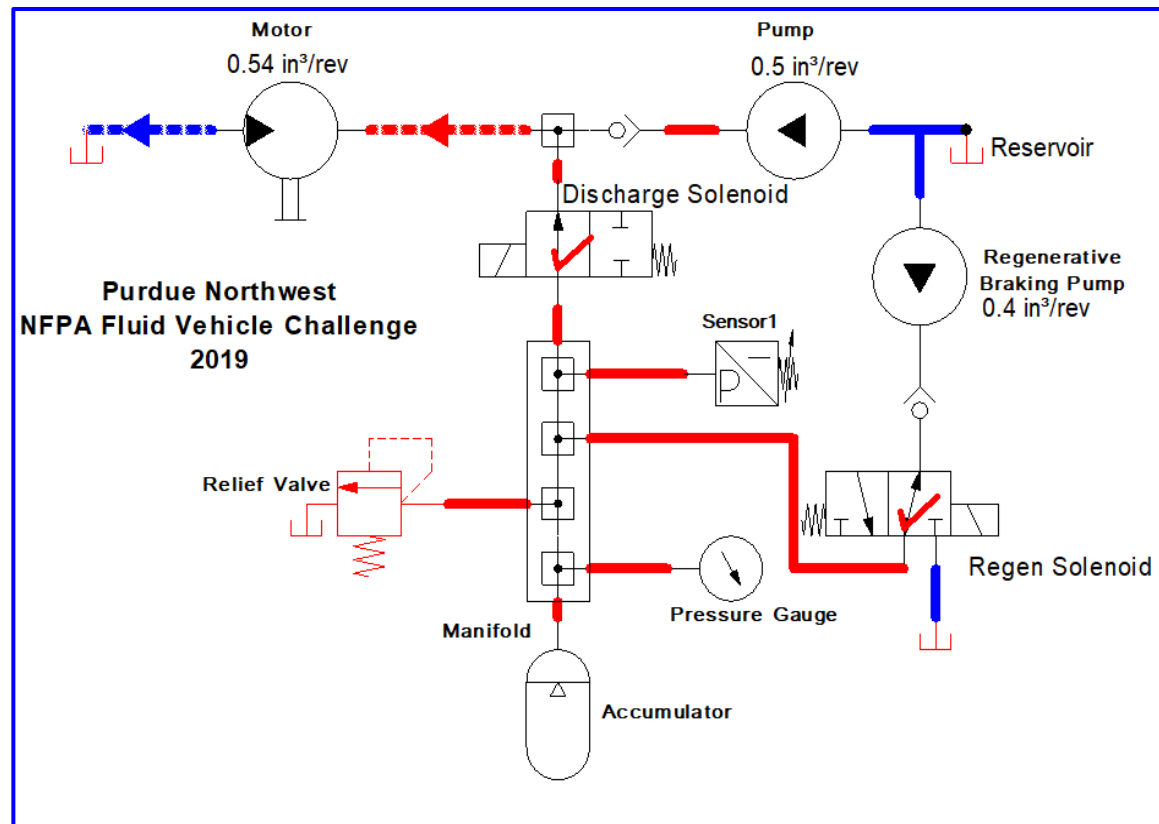
- .54 in³/ rev motor
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- 2 solenoids
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Direct Drive Circuit

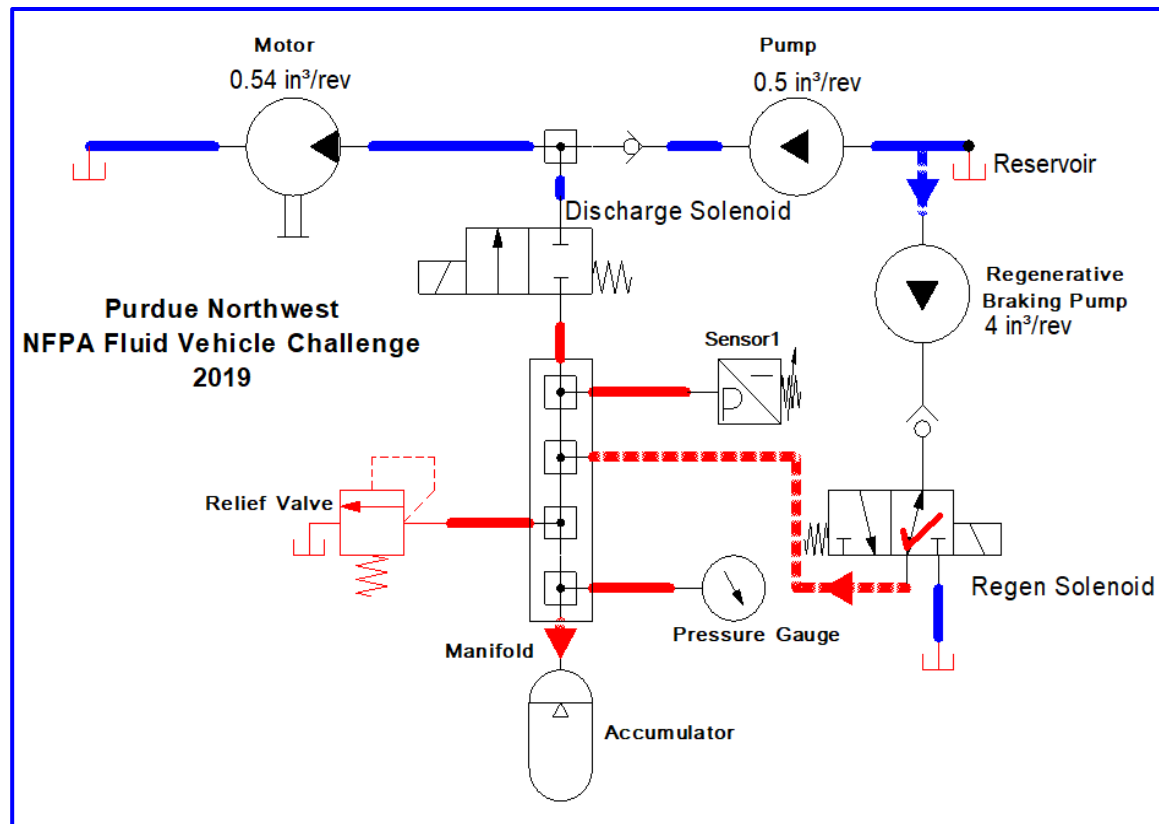


- Pulls fluid from reservoir with pump
- Fluid then powers motor and returns back to reservoir



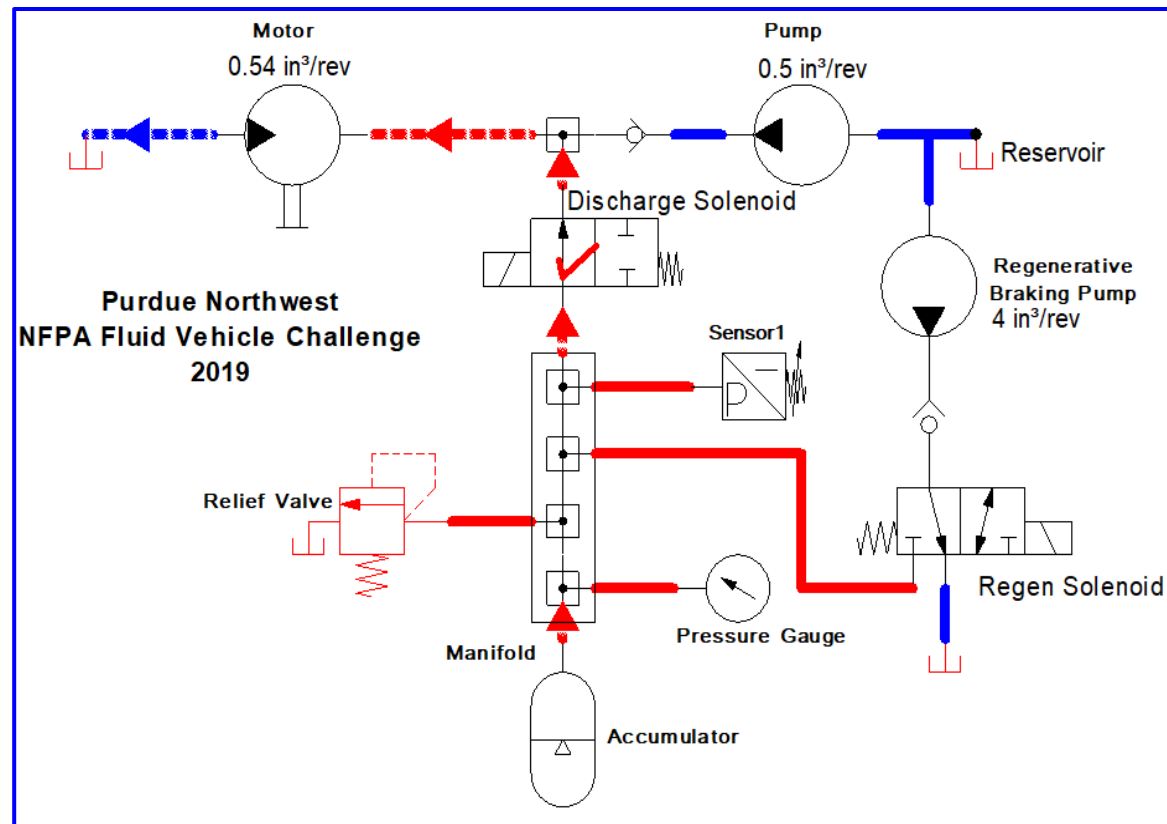
Regenerative Braking Circuit

- Uses regenerative pump to push fluid into accumulator from reservoir by opening solenoid
- Charges accumulator to store energy



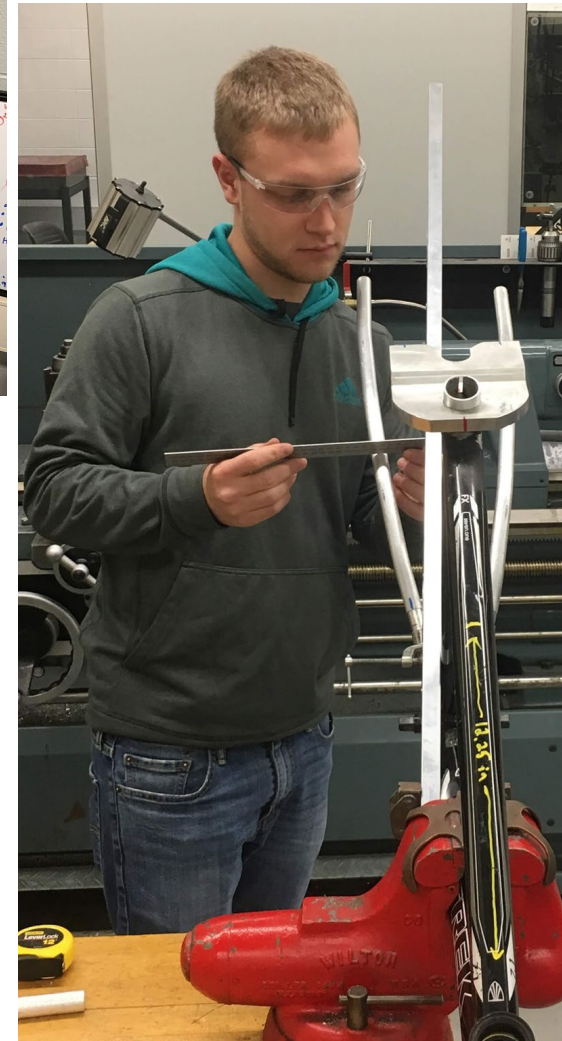
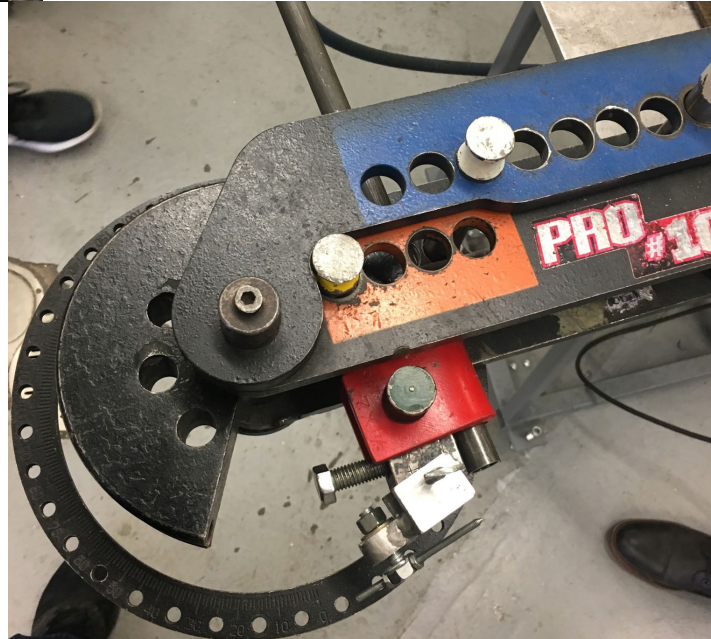
Discharge Circuit

- Open discharge solenoid
- Fluid then flows from accumulator to power the motor
- Fluid then returns to reservoir

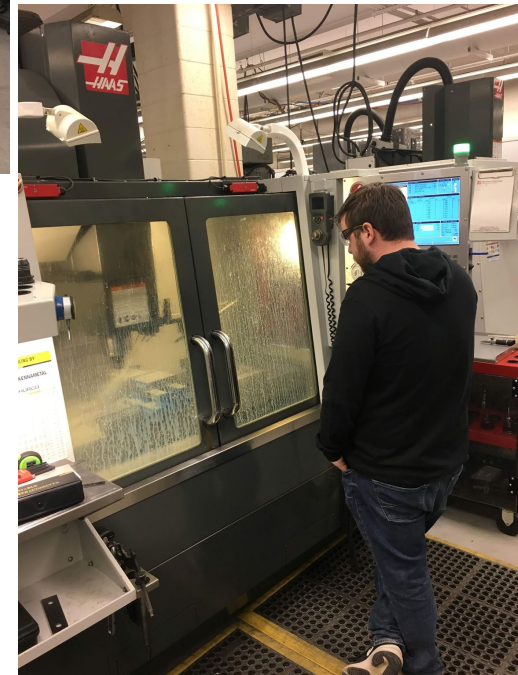


Constructing the Bike

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Testing the Bike



<https://youtu.be/t-fn6ncMSuE>

Lessons Learned

- Hydraulic circuit design
- Time management with ordering parts
- Teamwork
- The different types of fittings
- Problem solving

Questions & Comments

